- (2) The name and address of the brewery from which the beer was removed;
- (3) A statement that the tax on the beer has been fully paid or determined and the rate at which the tax on the beer was paid or determined; and

(4) If the title to the beer has passed, the name and address of the person re-

turning the beer.

(c) Return of beer. If the brewer is required to file a notice of intention to return beer to the brewery, the brewer may bring the beer onto the brewery premises prior to filing the notice. The brewer shall segregate the returned beer from all other beer at the brewery and clearly identify it as returned beer. The returned beer will be retained intact for inspection by an ATF officer until the notice has been filed and disposition authorized.

(Sec. 201, Pub. L. 85–859, 72 Stat. 1335, as amended (26 U.S.C. 5056))

Subpart N—Voluntary Destruction

§25.221 Voluntary destruction of beer.

- (a) On brewery premises. (1) A brewer may destroy, at the brewery, beer on which the tax has not been determined or paid.
- (2) A brewer operating a tavern on brewery premises under §25.25 may destroy taxpaid or tax-determined been stored on brewery premises, in accordance with the requirements of §25.225.
- (b) Destruction without return to brewery. A brewer may destroy beer on which the tax has been paid or determined at a location other than any of the breweries operated by the brewer, upon compliance with this subpart.

(Sec. 201, Pub. L. 85–859, 72 Stat. 1335, as amended (26 U.S.C. 5056))

[T.D. ATF-224, 51 FR 7673, Mar. 5, 1986; 51 FR 9190, Mar. 18, 1986; T.D. ATF-268, 53 FR 8629, Mar 16, 1988, as amended by T.D. 372, 61 FR 20724, May 8, 1996]

§25.222 Notice of brewer.

(a) Beer to be destroyed. When a brewer possesses beer which has been taxpaid or tax determined and which the brewer wishes to destroy at a location other than at any of the brewer's breweries, the brewer shall give written notice of intention to destroy the beer. The brewer shall submit this notice to

the regional director (compliance) through the area supervisor of the area in which the beer is to be destroyed.

- (b) Execution of notice. The brewer shall serially number each notice and execute each notice under penalties of perjury as defined in §25.11. The brewer shall specify the date on which the beer is to be destroyed; this date may not be less than 12 days from the date the notice is mailed or delivered to the area supervisor.
- (c) *Information to be furnished.* The notice will contain the following information:
- (1) The number and sizes of kegs and the actual quantity of beer, in barrels; or the number of cases and the number and sizes of bottles within the cases, and the actual quantity of beer in barrels. When kegs containing less than the actual contents are to be destroyed, the brewer shall determine the actual content of beer by weight or by other accurate means.
- (2) The date on which the beer was received for destruction.
- (3) A statement that the tax on the beer has been fully paid or determined and the rate at which the tax on the beer was paid or determined.
- (4) If the title of the beer has passed, the name and address of the person returning the beer.
- (5) The location at which the brewer desires to destroy the beer and the reason for not returning the beer to the brewery.

(Sec. 201, Pub. L. 85–859, 72 Stat. 1335, as amended (26 U.S.C. 5056))

§25.223 Destruction of beer off brewery premises.

- (a) Destruction without supervision. A brewer may destroy beer without supervision if the regional director (compliance) does not advise the brewer before the date specified in the notice that destruction of the beer is to be supervised.
- (b) Destruction with supervision. The regional director (compliance) may require that an ATF officer verify the information in the notice of destruction or witness the destruction of the beer. The regional director (compliance) may also require a delay in the destruction of the beer or, if the place of destruction is not readily accessible to